

# THR-317-001: Safety and Efficacy of THR-317 for the Treatment of Diabetic Macular Edema

Anat Loewenstein  
Tel Aviv Medical Center  
FLORetina June 2019

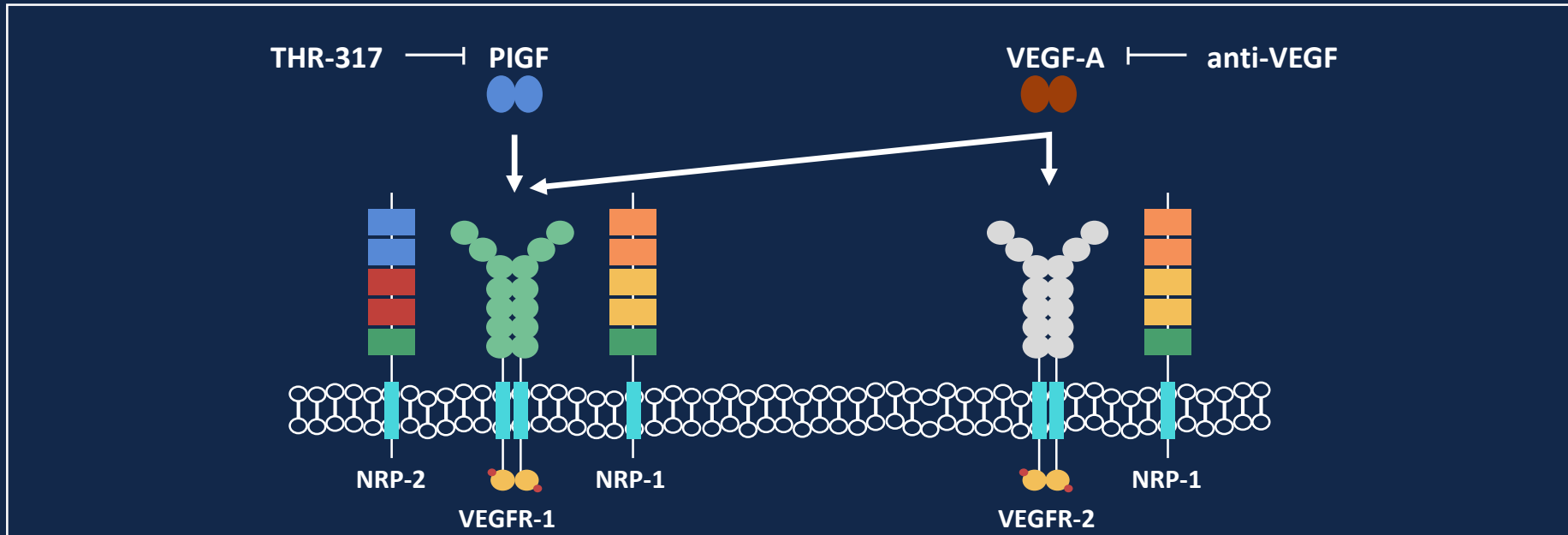
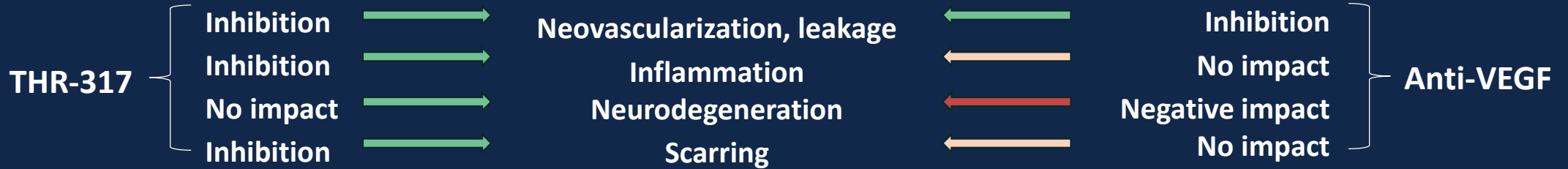
OXURION®

ADVANCING SCIENCE.®  
ENHANCING VISION.



# THR-317: A Humanized mAb Against Human PlGF<sup>1,2</sup>

- Anti PLFG reduces NV & leakage in a mouse model of CNV, comparable to VEGF inhibition
- Additional benefits may be activation of protective factors decreasing inflammation and pericyte loss with preservation of the BRB as well as inhibition of fibrosis



# THR-317-001: Two-Stage Study Design

**Primary endpoint:** Incidence of acute (up to the Day 7 post-injection visit) ocular (serious) adverse events in the study eye, after each injection and across injections per subject

## Treatment population

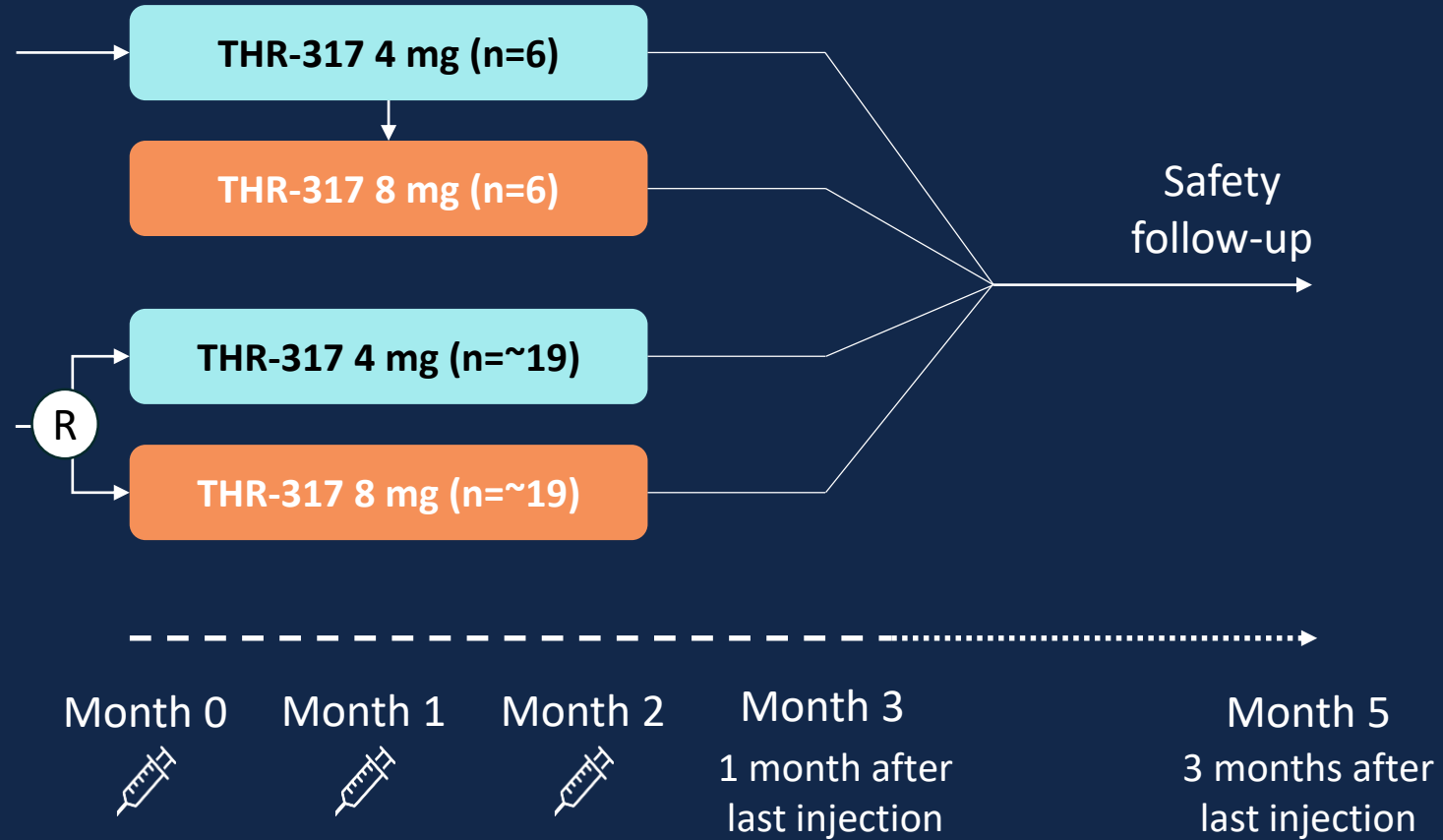
- Adults with center-involved DME (N=~50)

## Strata

- Anti-VEGF treatment naïve (n=~40)
- Anti-VEGF poor responders (n=~10)
- BCVA between 72 and 23 ETDRS letter score (20/40 and 20/320 Snellen equivalent) in study eye

Stage 1  
Non-randomized, sequential cohorts

Stage 2  
Randomized, parallel treatment arms



# THR-317-001: Key Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria (study eye)

## Inclusion

- Center-involved DME with CST  $\geq 340$   $\mu\text{m}$  on Spectralis SD-OCT or  $\geq 320$   $\mu\text{m}$  on non-Spectralis SD-OCT assessed by reading center
- BCVA ETDRS letter score between 72 and 23 letters (20/40 and 20/320 Snellen equivalent)
- NPDR or stable PDR
- Anti-VEGF treatment naïve or poor response to prior anti-VEGF treatment

## Exclusion

- Macular edema due to causes other than DME
  - Aphakia
  - Uncontrolled glaucoma (IOP  $\geq 26$  mmHg despite treatment with antiglaucoma medication)
  - HbA1c  $> 12\%$
- Poor response to prior anti-VEGF treatment was defined as no or limited response despite previous treatment with at least 3 consecutive anti-VEGF injections given in the year prior to Screening, resulting in  $< 5$  ETDRS letters increase in BCVA from Baseline and/or  $< 10\%$  reduction in CST from Baseline

# THR-317-001: Demographics

## All Treated Subjects, by Prior Anti-VEGF Treatment Status

Characteristic	THR-317 4 mg			THR-317 8 mg		
	Anti-VEGF treatment naïve N=20	Anti-VEGF poor responder N=4	Overall N=24	Anti-VEGF treatment naïve N=20	Anti-VEGF poor responder N=5	Overall N=25
<b>Gender, n (%)</b>						
Male	9 (45.0)	3 (75.0)	<b>12 (50.0)</b>	10 (50.0)	1 (20.0)	<b>11 (44.0)</b>
Female	11 (55.0)	1 (25.0)	<b>12 (50.0)</b>	10 (50.0)	4 (80.0)	<b>14 (56.0)</b>
<b>Race, n (%)</b>						
White	20 (100.0)	4 (100.0)	<b>24 (100.0)</b>	20 (100.0)	5 (100.0)	<b>25 (100.0)</b>
<b>Age (years)</b>						
Mean (SD)	63.9 (8.26)	57.3 (7.76)	<b>62.8 (8.40)</b>	64.7 (8.77)	70.6 (6.58)	<b>65.8 (8.61)</b>
Min, max	38, 81	51, 67	<b>38, 81</b>	44, 81	63, 78	<b>44, 81</b>

- **No apparent imbalances between treatment arms and within the 2 strata (anti-VEGF treatment naïve subjects and anti-VEGF treatment poor responders)**

# THR-317-001: Baseline BCVA and CST in the Study Eye

## All Treated Subjects, by Prior Anti-VEGF Treatment Status

Characteristic	THR-317 4 mg			THR-317 8 mg		
	Anti-VEGF treatment naïve N=20	Anti-VEGF poor responder N=4	Overall N=24	Anti-VEGF treatment naïve N=20	Anti-VEGF poor responder N=5	Overall N=25
<b>BCVA (ETDRS letters)</b>						
Mean (SD)	67.3 (5.27)	60.5 (9.81)	66.1 (6.49)	62.6 (8.74)	61.4 (4.10)	62.3 (7.97)
Min, Max	56, 72	46, 67	46, 72	36, 72	58, 68	36, 72
<b>BCVA, categorical, n (%)</b>						
≤65 Letters	7 (35.0)	2 (50.0)	9 (37.5)	11 (55.0)	4 (80.0)	15 (60.0)
>65 Letters	13 (65.0)	2 (50.0)	15 (62.5)	9 (45.0)	1 (20.0)	10 (40.0)
<b>CST (μm)</b>						
Mean (SD)	435.1 (102.01)	663.3 (232.71)	473.1 (152.33)	506.3 (78.87)	426.6 (90.81)	490.3 (85.77)
Median	397.5	707.0	406.5	503.0	377.0	497.0

- Overall, BCVA tended to be higher in the 4 mg arm
- Strata:
  - Anti-VEGF treatment naïve: BCVA tended to be higher and mean CST lower in the 4 mg arm
  - Poor responders: Mean CST higher in the 4 mg arm - due to 2 outliers (836 μm and 866 μm)

# THR-317-001: Safety Overview

## All Treated Subjects

Category	THR-317 4 mg N=24	THR-317 8 mg N=25
	n (%)	n (%)
Deaths	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
<b>SAE</b>		
Any ocular SAE	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
Any nonocular SAE <sup>a</sup>	1 (4.2)	0 (0.0)
<b>AE leading to withdrawal from study</b>	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
<b>AE leading to withdrawal from repeat injection</b>	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
<b>Arterial thromboembolic events</b>	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)

- No safety signals observed in either treatment arm
- No arterial thromboembolic event in either treatment arm during the study

# THR-317-001: Summary of Adverse Events (1/2)

All Treated Subjects

Category	THR-317 4 mg N=24	THR-317 8 mg N=25
	n (%)	n (%)
<b>Overall</b>		
Any AE	9 (37.5)	11 (44.0)
Any AE in study eye	5 (20.8)	7 (28.0)
Any AE in nonstudy eye	2 (8.3)	1 (4.0)
Any nonocular AE	6 (25.0)	5 (20.0)

- Overall incidence of AEs similar between the 2 treatment arms
- No AEs led to withdrawal from the study or withdrawal from repeat injection



# THR-317-001: Acute (Up to Day 7 PI) Adverse Events in the Study Eye

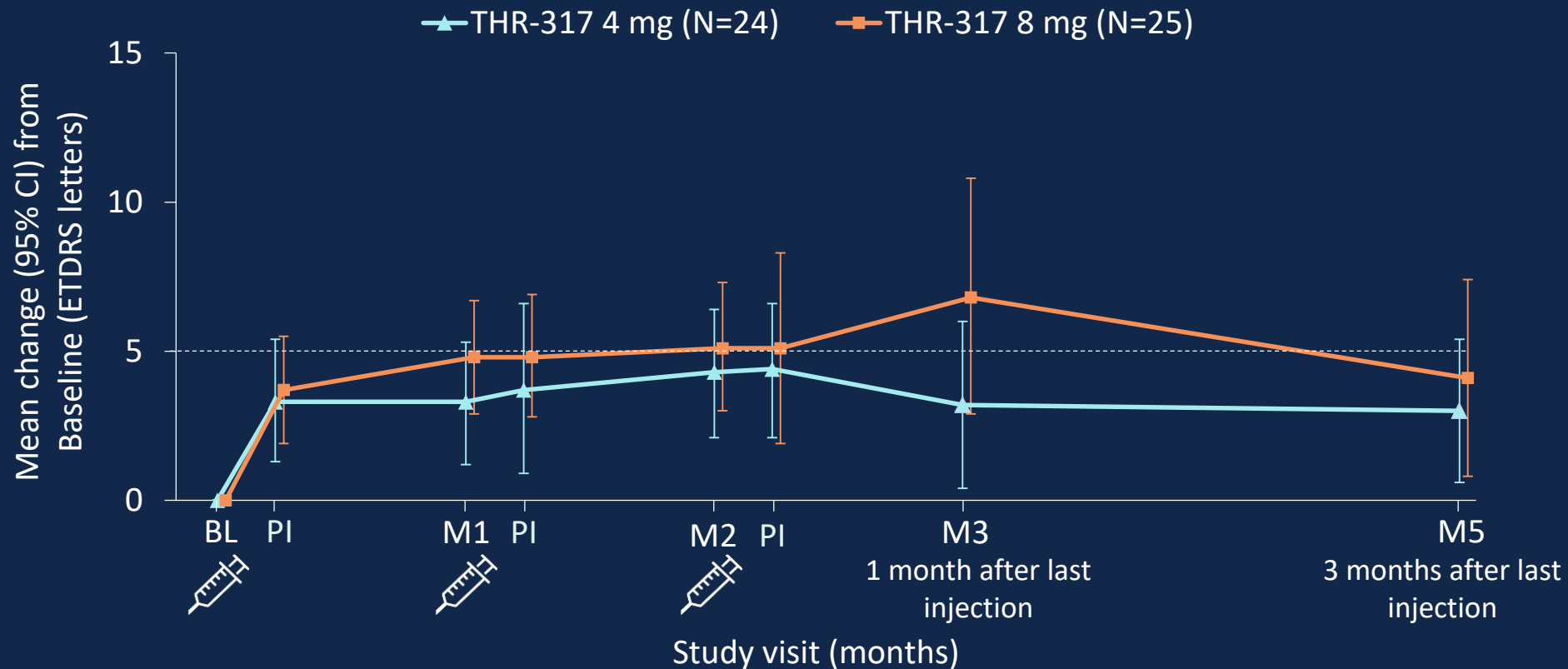
All Treated Subjects

Adverse event	THR-317 4 mg Across injections N=24	THR-317 8 mg Across injections N=25
	n (%)	n (%)
	<b>3 subjects, 3 events</b>	<b>4 subjects, 4 events</b>
Conjunctival hemorrhage	1 (4.2)	1 <sup>a</sup> (4.0)
Ocular hyperemia	0 (0.0)	1 <sup>a</sup> (4.0)
Conjunctivitis	0 (0.0)	1 (4.0)
Eye pain	0 (0.0)	1 <sup>a</sup> (4.0)
Visual impairment	2 <sup>b</sup> (8.3)	0 (0.0)

- Overall incidence of acute AEs in the study eye was low
- All acute AEs in the study eye were mild in severity
- No acute AEs in the study eye were SAEs
- All acute AEs in the study eye resolved within 1 to 31 days of onset

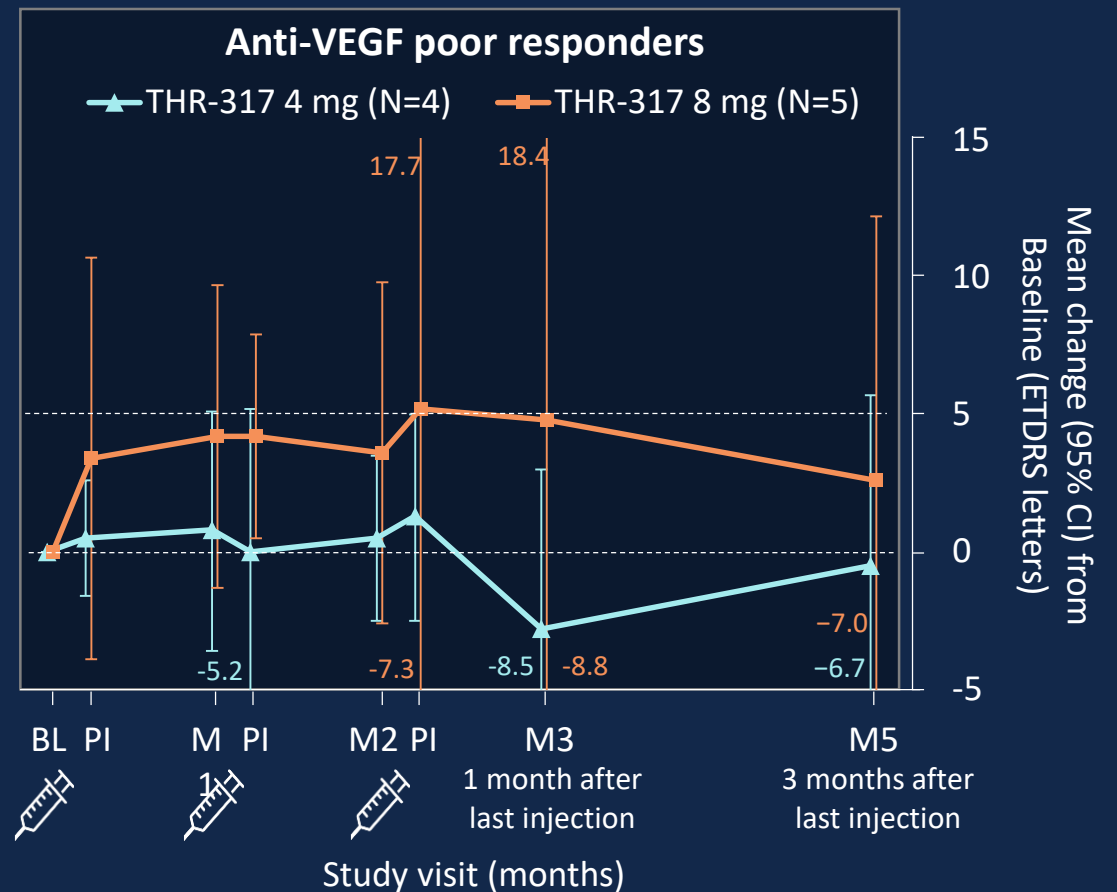
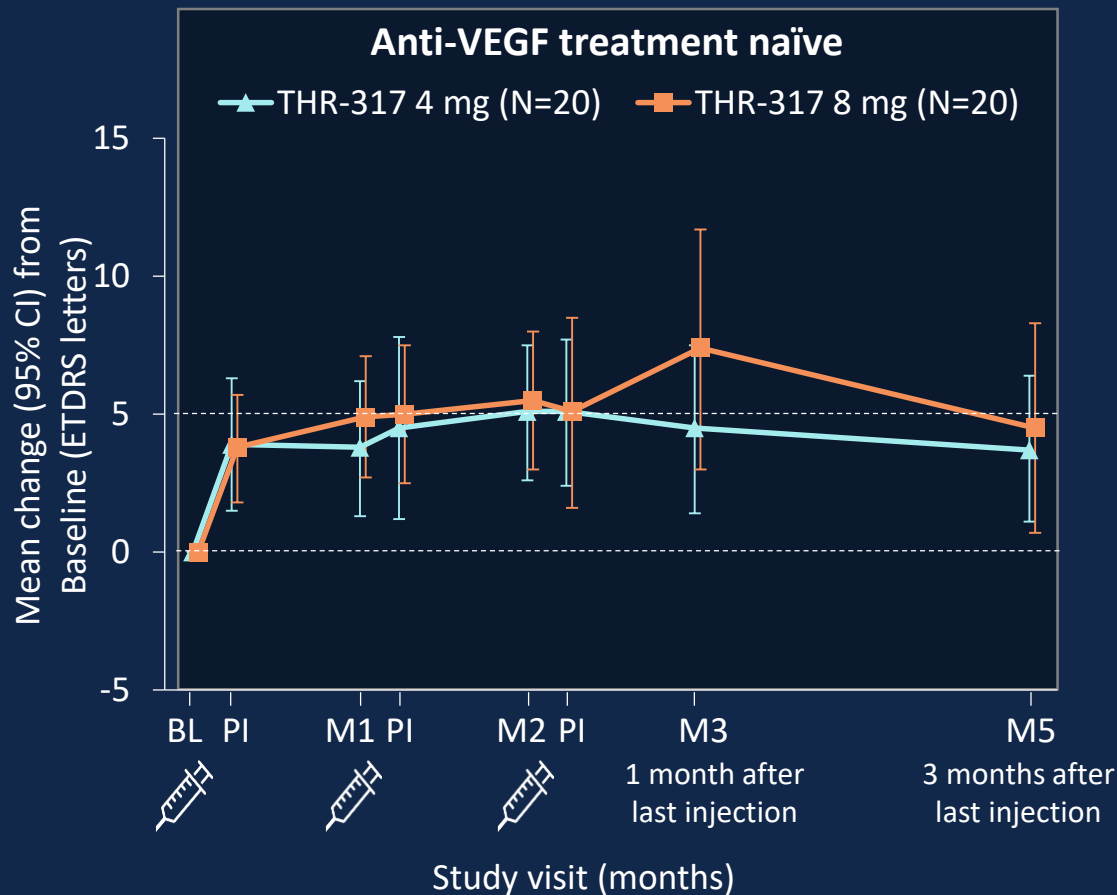
# THR-317-001: Mean Change in BCVA From Baseline

All Treated Subjects



- Increase in mean BCVA shortly after first injection in both treatment arms
- Increases in mean BCVA maintained to M5
- Trend for higher BCVA increases in the 8 mg arm
- Continued BCVA gain in the 8 mg arm, with highest increase at M3

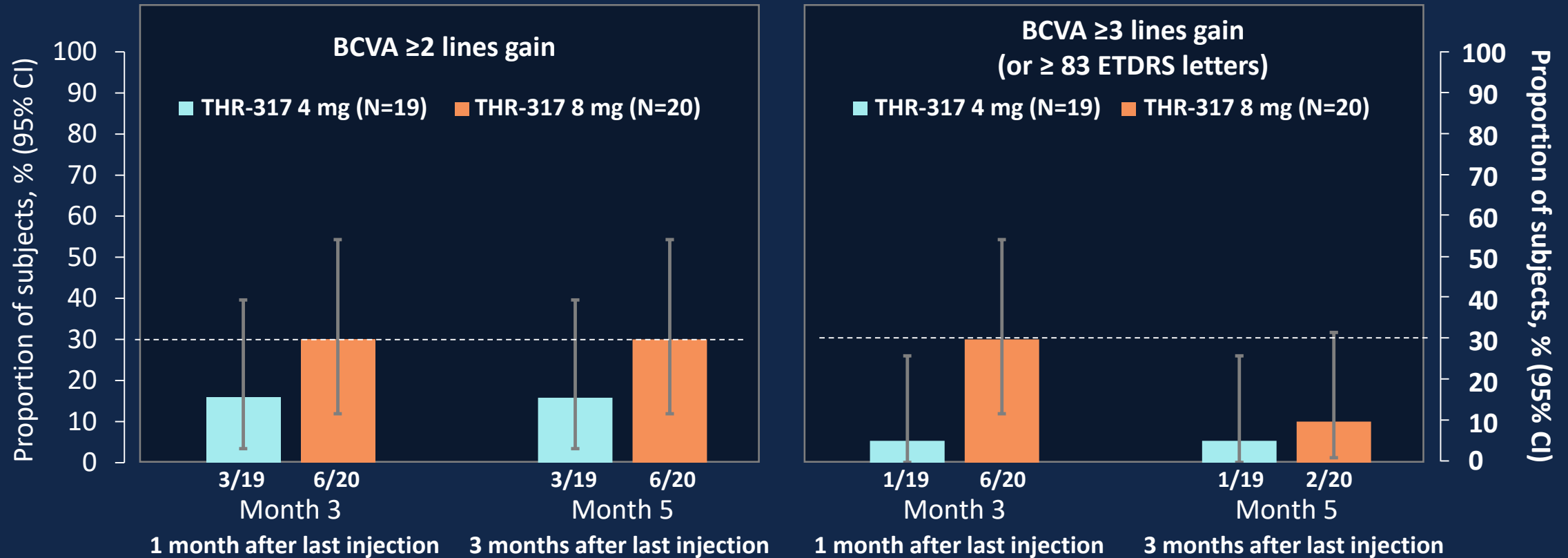
# THR-317-001: Mean Change in BCVA From Baseline



- In both subgroups, there was a trend for higher BCVA increases in the 8 mg arm

# THR-317-001: BCVA Line Gain at Month 3 and Month 5

## Anti-VEGF Treatment Naïve Subjects



- More subjects with  $\geq 2$  line and  $\geq 3$  line gains in the 8 mg arm, at both M3 and M5
- In the 8 mg arm, 30% subjects had a  $\geq 2$  line gain at M5, 10% subjects had a  $\geq 3$  line gain ( $\geq 83$  ETDRS letters) at M5
- Majority of subjects with gain at M3 maintained gain to M5

# THR-317-001: BCVA Line Gain at Month 3 and Month 5

## Anti-VEGF Treatment Poor Responders

### ≥2 Line Gainers

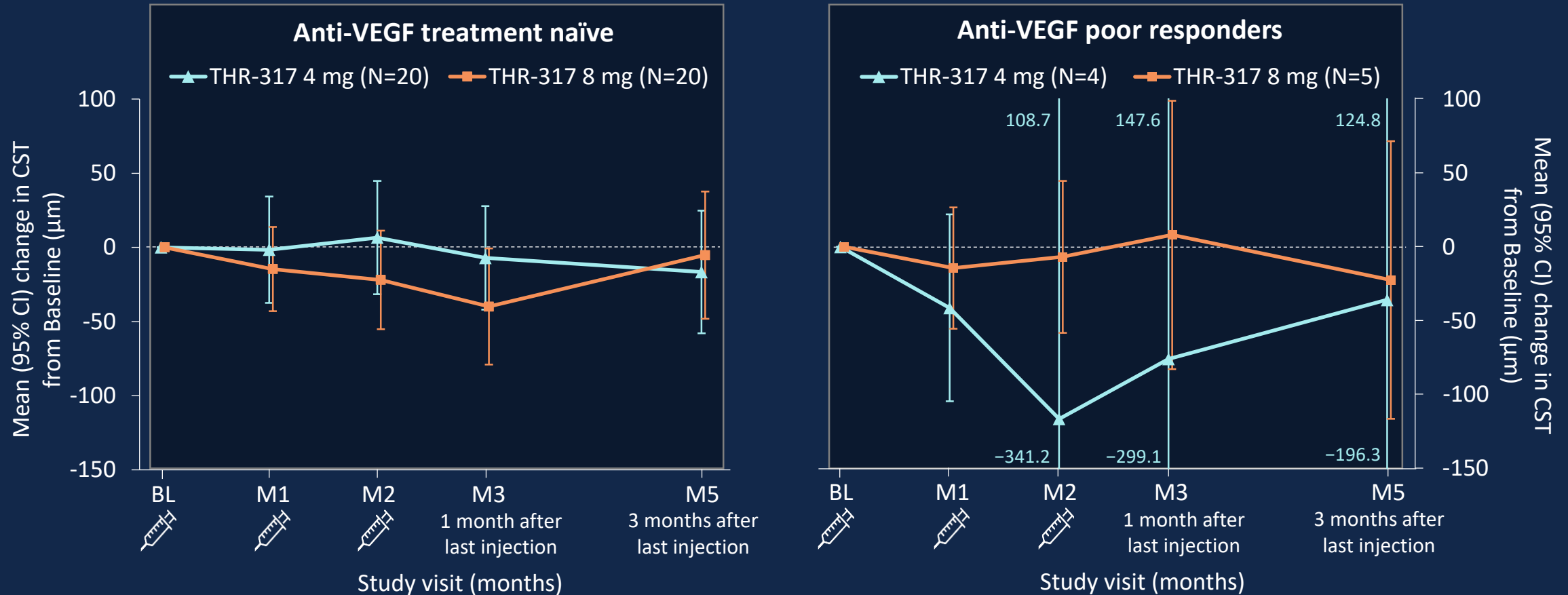
- 4 mg arm: 0/4 (0%) at Month 3 and at Month 5
- 8 mg arm: 1/5 (20%) at Month 3 and 1/5 (20%) at Month 5

### ≥3 Line Gainers

- 4 mg arm: 0/4 (0%) at Month 3 and at Month 5
- 8 mg arm: 1/5 (20%) at Month 3 and 0/5 (0%) at Month 5

- **Small sample size makes conclusions difficult**
- **1 subject had ≥3 lines BCVA gain at month 3, maintained to ≥2 lines at month 5**

# THR-317-001: Mean Change in CST From Baseline



- **Anti-VEGF treatment naïve subjects: Tendency for larger decreases in the 8 mg arm**
- **Anti-VEGF poor responder subjects: Tendency for larger decreases in the 4 mg arm**

## **THR-317-001 Conclusions**

- **3 monthly intravitreal injections of THR-317 4 mg and THR-317 8 mg were generally safe and well tolerated**
- **Limited number of AEs, all acute AEs in the study eye were mild in severity and resolved within 1 to 31 days of onset**
- **Visual gains in both the THR-317 4 mg and 8 mg arms, trend for higher BCVA increases in the THR-317 8 mg arm**
- **8 mg dose was selected for future studies**
- **Study 317-002 (Phase 2 study of 317 in combination with anti-VEGF) is ongoing, results expected H2 2019**

# Thank you 317-001 Patients and Investigators



- In total, 49 subjects were treated at 12 sites in Czech Republic, Slovakia and Hungary